

Robotics and AI in agriculture

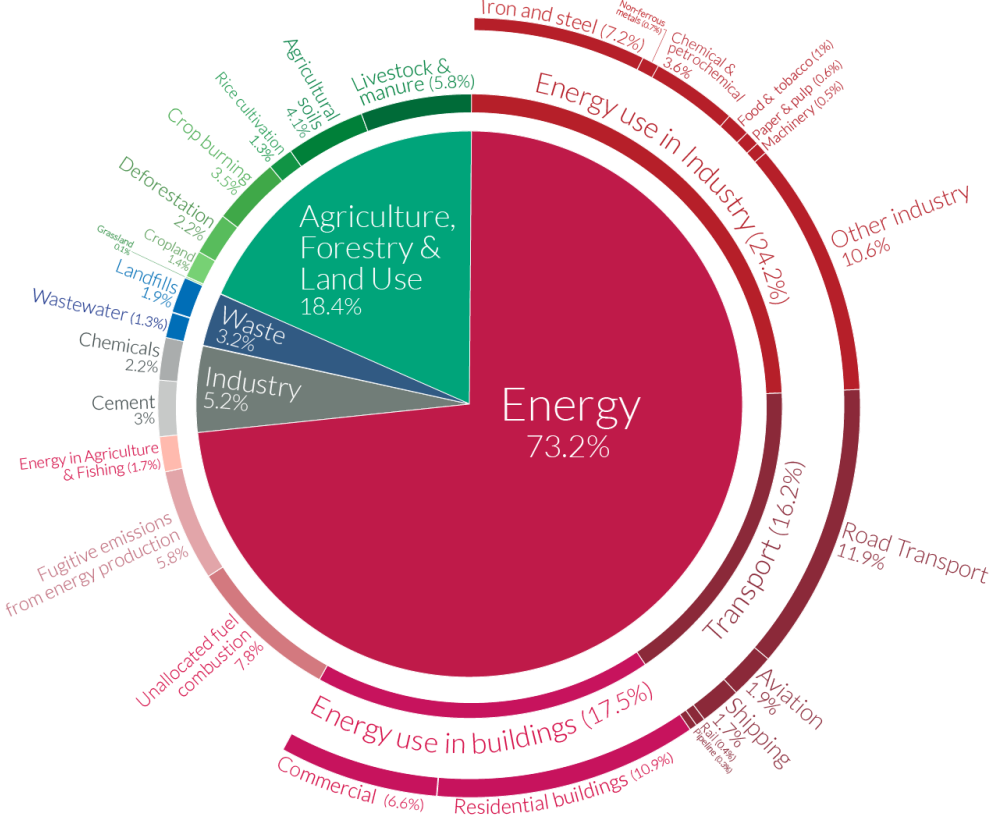
Trends and future



Challenges of Modern Agriculture

Global greenhouse gas emissions by sector Our World in Data

This is shown for the year 2016 – global greenhouse gas emissions were 49.4 billion tonnes CO₂eq.



<https://thisismold.com/event/experiences/on-pollinator-health-and-monoculture-farming#.YCEu8XkxkUE>

OurWorldinData.org – Research and data to make progress against the world's largest problems.
 Source: Climate Watch, the World Resources Institute (2020). Licensed under CC-BY by the author Hannah Ritchie (2020).

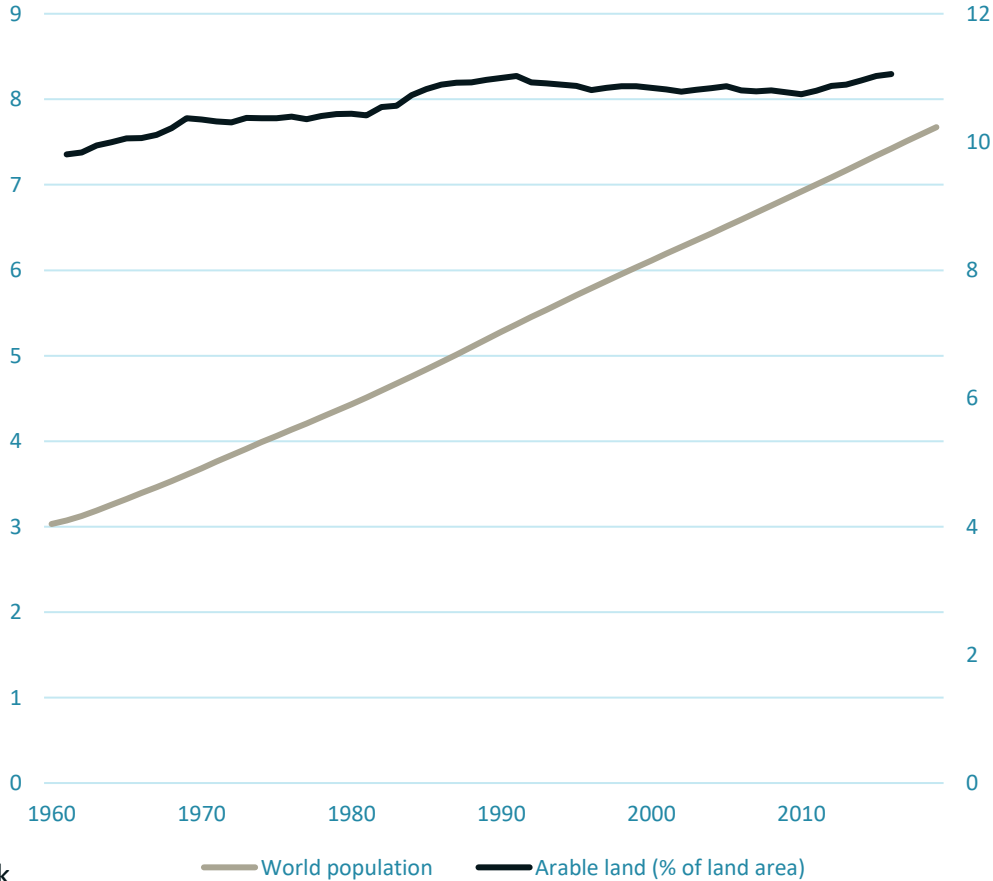
Source: OurWorldinData.org

Challenges of Modern Agriculture



<https://www.dw.com/en/lets-talk-about-overpopulation/a-37481009>

World Population (Billion People) vs. Arable Land Area (%)

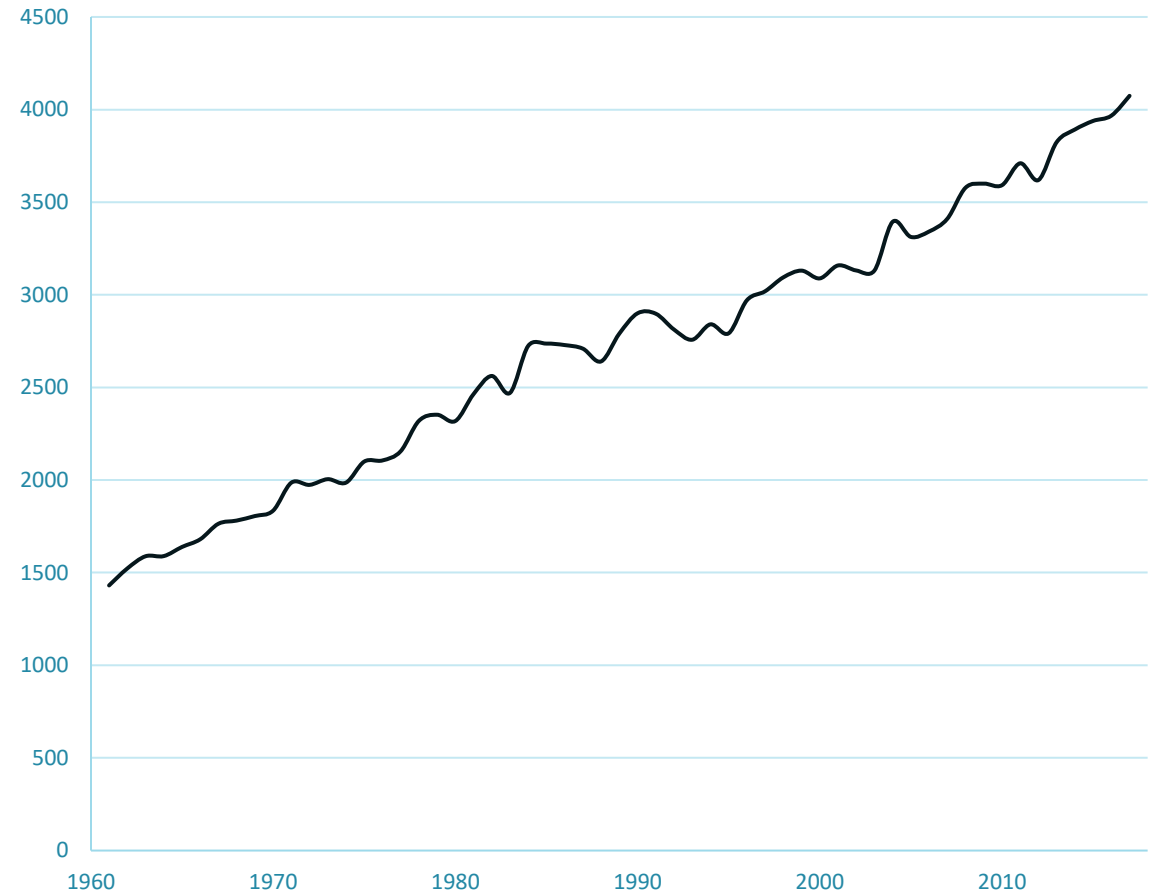


Source: World Bank

Modern Agriculture

- Nitrogen fertilizer (Haber process, natural gas)
- Irrigation
- Use of pesticides (insecticides, herbicides, fungicides)
- Use of high-performance hybrids and GMOs
- Large monocultures maximizing area and machinery scale
- Agriculture in the context of the “Triple Planetary Crisis”

World Cereal Yield (kg per hectare)





„New“ Agri. Revolution

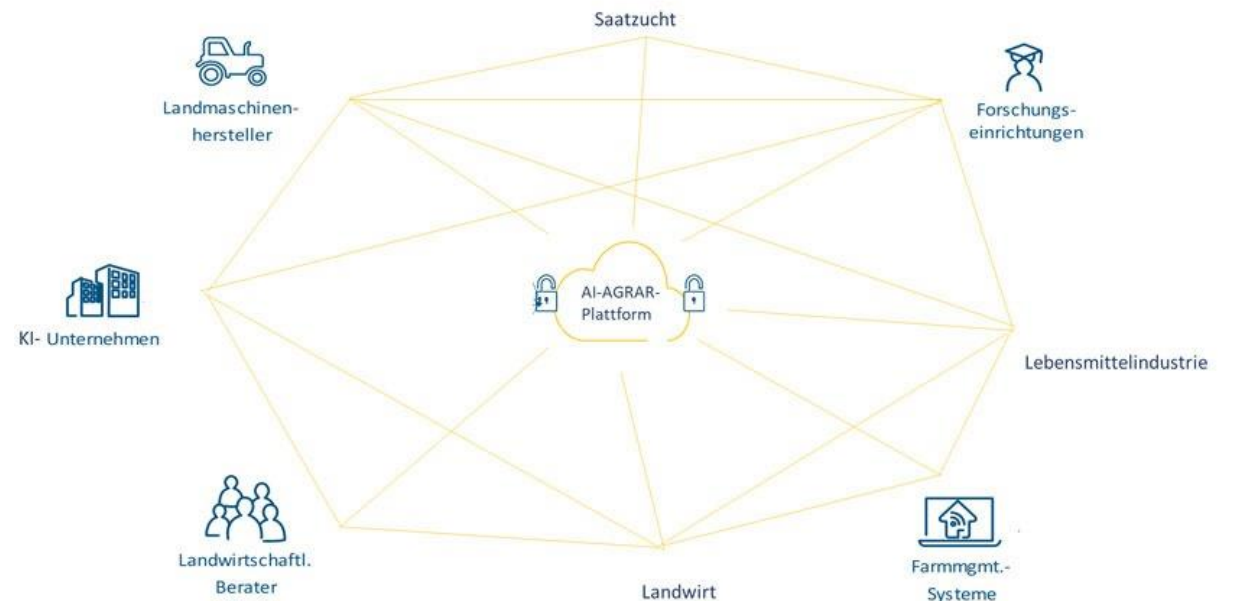
Smart Agriculture & Precision Farming

- Remote sensing
- Network communication (e.g. 5G)
- Automated processes
- Robotics
- A.I.
- (Big) Data & cloud technology
- ...

Source: Pixabay (DJI-Agras)

Agri-Gaia: Agriculture in the European Cloud

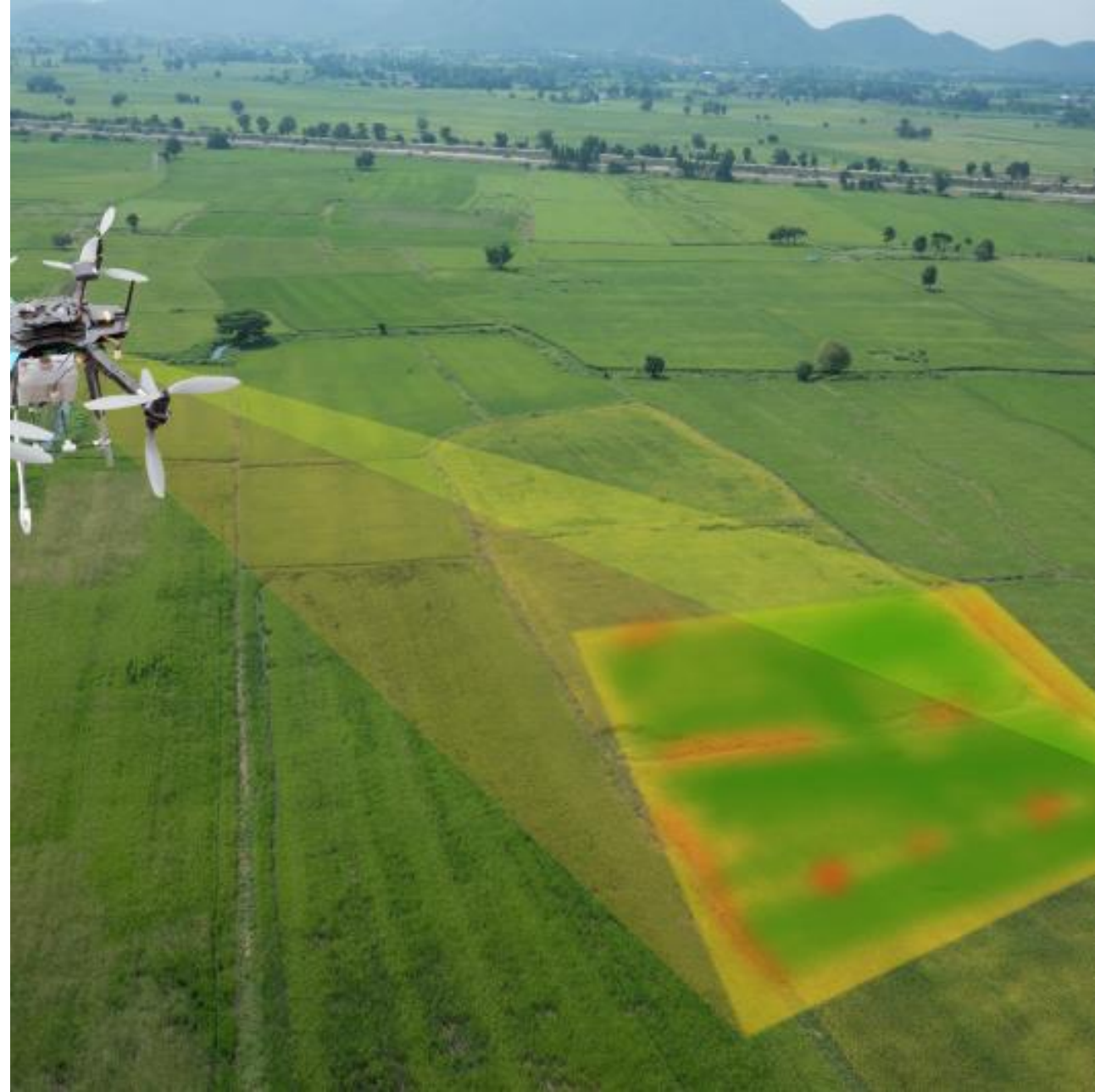
- **GAIA-X** – the future European data infrastructure:
<https://www.data-infrastructure.eu>
- **Agri-Gaia:** platform for agriculture (12 Mio € research project) aimed to provide cloud and AI technologies for agriculture
- **EU Data Act & FAIR Data**



Use Case: Automated Surveying

Drones collection data on large areas, detecting with AI:

- Crop development
- Water stress
- Nitrogen deficiency
- Pests and diseases



Source: <https://www.activesilicon.com/news-media/news/applications-for-multispectral-and-hyperspectral-imaging/>

Use Case: Autonomous Tractors / AgBots



Source: Krone

Autonomous Driving: Cars vs. Tractors

Cars

- Mostly structured environments
- Specific features: lane markings, signs, traffic lights, ...
- Mobile actors: cars, cyclists, pedestrians, wildlife, ...
- Static obstacles: building sites, traffic islands, parked cars ...
- High speeds, fast reaction times
- Environments typically marked, lit and constructed for cars

Tractors

- Mostly unstructured environments
- Unspecific features: crop rows, hedges, ditches, ...
- Mobile actors: tractors, cyclists, hikers, wildlife, livestock, ...
- Static obstacles: haybails, trees, pylons, ...
- Low speeds, fast reaction times
- Environment typically unmarked, unlit, not constructed for tractors

Use Case: Autonomous Robots

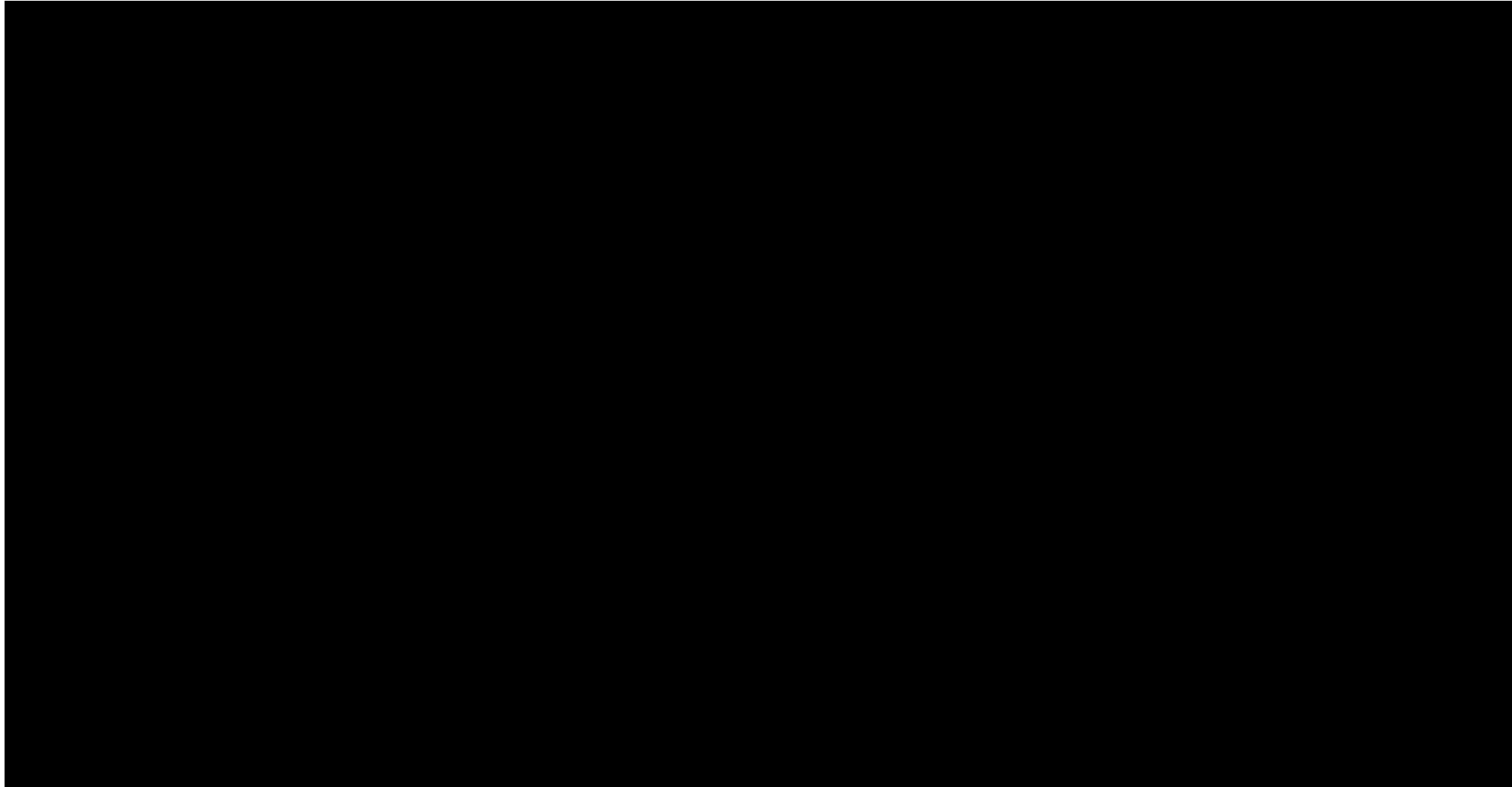
Small-scale autonomous robots selectively apply:

- Watering
- Fertilizer
- Herbicides
- (Mechanical) weeding tools
- Suction devices for pest removal
- Monitoring
- Harvesting of fruits
- ...



Source: Nature Robots

Use Case: Selective Weeding



Use Case: Harvesting with robots and AI



Which strawberries should be picked?

Model for fruit recognition and classification.

More than just strawberry recognition!



Source: FruitLogistica – TechStage, Enrico Neumann, Dr. Thimo Oehlschlägel, IAV, Berlin 07. Feb. 2023

Future of Agriculture?

Source: ChatGPT / DALL.E 3



Perspective in the next 5+ years

- Diverse fleets
 - Classic agricultural machinery
 - Highly automated (or autonomous) agricultural machinery or robots
 - Drones
- Digital Services (with AI)
- More diverse crop rotations
- Structured agricultural areas
 - Agri-PV
 - Agroforestry



Source: Dr. Henning Müller

Thank you for your attention!

special thanks to Dr. Henning Müller.

